Integrity Monitor Firm Name: KPMG LLP

Engagement: New Jersey Department of Human Services Integrity Monitor - Corona Relief Fund

Quarter Ending: 3/31/2020

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12. Expected Contract End Date/Time Period		Amount Provided to other State or Local Entities	Amount Expended by Recovery Program Participant to Date				Contract/Program Location (if applicable)	brier Description, Fulpose and Raudinale of Integrity Monitor Project/Program Company of the Co		Accountability Officer B	5. Award Amount \$	Award Type	State Funding (if applicable)	2. Federal Funding Agency (e.g., Section 5001 of CARES Act)	Recovery Program Participant	No. Rediplent Data Elements
12/29/2021	Ungaing	\$10,000,000	\$230,822,776	CONTRACTOR AND	222 South Warren Street	Capital Place One	Department of Human Services	and regulations. DHS listed objectives are: A review of each program's design and administrative procedures to help ensure they sufficiently guard against duplication of benefits. This includes a review of CRP programs operated by DHS and other State agencies to identify areas of potential overlap. Should potential overlap be identified, (PMG shall provide recommended data matching protocols to reduce the risk of duplicate benefits. Review the documentation being requested of and provided by program recipients, and the eligibility determination accumentation being requested of and provided by program recipients, and the eligibility determination accumentation being requested of and provided by program recipients, and the eligibility determination and seeses sufficiency to support expenditures in the event of an audit by any state or federal entity. This includes a review of whether documentation is being maintained in an organized and secure manner. In the event rany of the above program aspects are deemed insufficient, recommendations to correct must be provided. A review of the eligibility determination and payment processing procedures in place within the agency and being utilized by third-party entities for all programs and an assessment controls in place to guard against waste, fraud, and abuse. Programs include Mental Health Provider Assistance, Developmental Center and Community Provider Testing, DDD Provider PPE Reimbursements, DMAHS Provider PPE Reimbursements, Child Care - Stabilization Grants, Child Care - Stabilization Grants, Child Care - Supplemental Payments, Child Care - Enrollment Based Payments, and Special Food Assistance.	The state of the s	Brian Francz Chief Financial Officer	\$376,498,138	Grant	To be Determined	United States Department of the Treasury	New Jersey Department of Human Services	Response

and its support.	
No. Recipient Data Clements with the third and the beautiful and the second of the sec	Response Comments
14. Quarterly Activities/Project Description (Include with specificity activities conducted,	The following activities have been conducted:
such as meetings, document review, staff training, etc.)	-Held discussions with each program lead to gain an understanding of the program details, expenditures spent to date, agency eversight and review activities performed, controls in place, review processes, tracking methods, documentation management, and other funds or programs that present a risk of duplication of benefits.
	-Provided an initial list of questions and documentation requests to each program
	Performed a first review of documentation provided to date and began follow up with program leads on any outstanding documentation
	Set up follow-up meetings with program leads to gather more information on their expenditures, supporting documentation, and review processes
	Held ongoing status calls with the Agency Points of Contact
	-Drafted findings report and met with program leads to discuss preliminary findings
	-Updated findings report as needed to address program lead feedback
	-Provided DHS Central Office with final report
15. Brief description to confirm appropriate data/information has been	KPMG submitted a document request list to each program lead. As of 3/31/2021, program leads provided initial documentation, and KPMG followed up for any
provided by recipient and what activities have been taken to review in relation to the	
project/contract/program.	expenditures for sample testing. KPMG tested each of the sample expenditures with respect to DMS objectives and compiled a findings report with recommendations. A list of documentation provided to date by each program is included below:
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	Soli-Attention Affidavit
	Consumer Flowehart
	•Referral Instructions for Agencies
	• Fraining Material
	errogram waternal with eligibility requirements
	Notice (County)
	«Total Spent by County
	Ust of Employees Registered for Training
	•County Contacts and Emails
	Memorandum of Understanding between New Jersey Treasurer and DHS
	Program Script for Application Receipt Phone Call
	enterna Program Meetings Moces
	- Responses to KN/KG questions and document request (st
	Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services
	Nemorandum of Understanding between New Jersey Treasurer and DHS Promoting Control Posture Total Control Programs Control Posture Total Control Posture Control Posture Total Control Posture Control
	Final attachment to extend rembuts around adulting the period to the per
	Provider Agency Attestation
	•Sample Payment Voucher
	*Reimbursement Form worksheet for all providers to submit along with voucher
	Program Summary and Overview Power Point presentation for providers
	* interroal system cares in mis develope autrority, genuing, and delance Bioconstant in 1804 of interference delancement continued lispendance, and delance

Has payment documentation in connection with the contract/program been reviewed? Pay Please describe House describe Sup	Description of quarterly auditing activities that have been conducted to ensure procurement compilance with terms and conditions of the contracts and agreements. Free Care Care Care Care Care Care Care C	Chil •Pro	State of the state		Spe Pri	-At -Pro	Den Interpretation Interpret	Shu - Qu -
Payment documentation has been requested from each program. As of 3/31/2021, payment documentation has been provided for the Mental Health Provider Assistance, Developmental Center, DDD Provider PPE Reimbursements, DMAHS Provider PPE Reimbursements, DPD Provider PPE Reimbursements, Emergency Housing Assistance, County Administrative Costs, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Stabilization Grants, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Stabilization Grants, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Stabilization Grants, Child Care - Stabilization Grants, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Stabilization Grants, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Stabilization Grants, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Stabilization Grants, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Assistance, Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Turtion Ass	KPMG held interviews with each program lead and inquired into the third-parties associated with each program and its roles and responsibilities in administering the program. KPMG submitted document requests for each program and requested contracts and greet agreements for third-parties providing CRF services. KPMG received documentation indicating that CCR&R and TCC tendrots were utilized to administer the following DPD Childcare Programs: Child Care - Subsidy PT/FT, Child Care - Stabilization Grams, Child Care - Supplemental Payments, and Child Care - Enrollment Based Payments. KPMG reviewed the oversight practices conducted by DHS over the utilized vendors, and has provided additional recommendations for increased monitoring within their findings report.	Childrane Subsidy *Program Overview, Policy, Procedures	Stabilization Grants Program Overview, Policy, Procedures, Questionnaire Program Summary and Requirements	County Administrative Costs Program Reinbursement Guldance for Eligible Expenses Program Reinbursement Guldance for Eligible Expenses Provider Agency Attestation -Reimbursement form worksheet -Itst of Counties in the Program -Itst of Counties in the Program	Special Food Assistance Program Background and Details Change Order for EBT Benefits EBT Involce for Services Assistance Statistics by students and school year	Provider PPE *Attestation Guidance and Documentation Requirements for Eligible Expenses *Priovider Agency Attestation *Reimbursement Form worksheet *Reimbursement Payment Listing by Vendor *Reimbursement Payment Listing by Vendor *Ermail Communication to Submit Reimbursement Request *Responses to KPMG questions and document request list	Division of Developmental Disabilities (DDO) Developmental Center Testing *Invaice Relimbursement Sunmary for Developmental Center Community Provider Testing *Program Webinar Presentation *Program Presentation *Program Presentation *Collection fix Quick Guide *Responses to KPMG questions and document request list	Shelher PPE *Questions and Answers circulated by Department via email *Community Provider Agency Guidance Document *Provider Agency Attestation *Reimbursement Form worksheet *Presponses to KPMG questions and document request list *Division of Family Development funding organizational chart *Final State Funding reimbursement by expense category *Responses to KPMG questions and document request list

19. Provide details of any integrity issues/findings 20. Provide details of any integrity issues/findings 21. Provide details on any other flems of note that have occurred in the past quarter dentifies several recommendation past quarter dentifies several recommendation previous approaches and expenses in curred to perform your quarterly 22. Attach a lat of hours (by employee) and expenses incurred to perform your quarterly 23. Act of any item, issue or comment not covered in previous sections but deemed perforent. Nothing to add at this luncture. 24. Total Hours 25. Add any item, issue or comment not covered in previous sections but deemed perforent. Nothing to add at this luncture. 26. Total Hours 27. Add any item, issue or comment not covered in previous sections but deemed perforent. Nothing to add at this luncture. 28. Total Hours 29. Provide details of any integrity issued at comment and abuse in a fraud, and abuse in a fraud, and abuse in comment and abuse in a fraud, and abuse in a fraud of the past quarter in th	18. Description of quarterly activity to prevent and detect wasts, fraud and abuse.
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record and state and economic and publishing, a well as develop recommendations to help improve the Department's shally to identify assess, and militage the crisis of fraud, wastes, and abuse in each program. Please refer to the ambedded DEF for distalls on each of the findings identified in ICPAC's review, along with recommendations to prevent factor is accounting. NU DES Findings OS312021.pdf NU DES Findings OS312021.pdf NU DES Findings OS312021.pdf	KPMG conducted interviews with agencies to discuss Fraud, Waste, and Abuse activities and controls. KPMG reviewed program documentation, including information related to review processes and policies and procedures to understand the controls in place. KPMG sample tested the payment documentation provided as of 1/15/2011 and reviewed the underlying support for any instances of fraud, waste, and abuse. KPMG prepared a report documenting any detections of waste,

Name of Integrity Monitor: KPMG LLP	Name of Report Preparer. Roy Ostello
Signature: Kill width	
Date: 3/31/2021	

IOM Quarterly Report

December 30th, 2020

Quarter Ending: Engagement:

Final Report

Integrity Monitor Firm Name:

K2 Integrity

New Jersey State Police's Integrity Oversight Monitorship

December 30th, 2020

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Contract/Program Location (if applicable) N	Brief Description, Purpose and Rationale K of Integrity Monitor Project/Program p PA	Accountability Officer N		Award Amount E T T N	Award Type S	State Funding (if applicable)	Federal Funding Agency (e.g., Section S 5001 of CARES Act)	Recovery Program Participant N	No. Recipient Data Elements A. General Info
Contract/Program Location (if applicable) New Jersey State Police, PO Box 7068, West Trenton, NJ 08628	K2 was engaged by NISP pursuant to the terms of Governor Murphy's July 17, 2020 Executive Order No. 166 (ED-165) and per the requirements of the August 2020 Integrity Oversight Monitor Guidelines issued by the State of New Jersey COVID-19 Compliance and Oversight Taskforce (IOM Guidelines), in accordance with the procedures established by the Request for Quotation issued by the Division of Administration, Department of the Treasury for Integrity Oversight Monitoring: Program and Performance Monitoring, Financial Monitoring and Grant Management and Anti-Fraud Monitoring for Coronavirus Relief Funds pursuant to Section 5001 of the Coronavirus Ald, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act COVID-19 Recovery Funds and Programs (IOM RFQ).	Major Scott Poulton, Commanding Officer	to be used for eligible non-textua covered costs related to the COVID-19 pandemic and funds necessary for operating testing sites for 12 counties on a reimbursable basis. \$49,229,301 for the NISP Radio System Upgrade ("Radio Upgrade Program") needed for radio communications coordinated between hospitals, ambulance dispatch centers, statewide air medivac, and numerous state and local agencies in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. \$12,021,205 for NISP COVID-19 Projects ("\$12M Projects Program"), the bulk of which pertained to \$7,500,000 for the purchase of Emergency Vehicles to allow for COVID-19 safety protocols. \$100,000,000 for NISP/NJOEM FEMA Cost Share for COVID-19 Related Expenditures ("Cost Share Program"). \$242,900,000 for COVID-19 Related Payroll Expenses ("Payroll Program") for eligible payroll expenses covering from March 1, 2020 through December 30,2020.	As of December 30, 2020, from the Coronavirus Relief Fund ("CRF") funds received by the State of New Jersey, DOT allocated \$424,042,839 to NJSP/New Jersey Office of Emergency Management ("NUDEM"). It should be noted that all of the grant programs were awarded after grant requests in the form of Memoranda of Understanding ("MOU") and Memoranda of Agreement ("MOA") from NJT. The MOAs for one of these programs, (the County Testing and Reimbursement Program) included an amount that pertains to the New Jersey Department of Health ("NUDOH") in which they are noted as the grantee and have the responsibility of administering the funds. NISP/NOEM has no duties to administer these funds, and as such, was not included as part of K2 Integirty's ("K2") risk assessment or testing. K2's review focused on the programs as follows (collectively referred to as "Grant Programs"): -\$19,892,333 for the County Testing and Reimbursement Program ("County Program") to provide coverage to 12 counties that did not receive separate federal assistance	Sub-recipient grants from New Jersey Department of Treasury (DOT)	N/A	Section 5001 of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act COVID-19	New Jersey State Police ("NJSP")	Response.
									Comments

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							0	ument	Quarterly Activities/Project Description (Include with specificity activities	Recipient Data Elements	If FEMA funded, brief description of the	Monitoring Activities	Completion Status of Contract or	Amount Provided to other State or Local Entities	Amount Expended by Recovery Program Participant to Date
Conducted follow-up interviews with various NJSP/NJOEM personnel throughout the quarterly review	 Conducted transaction testing through inquiry, observation, re-performand financial reporting and assessed whether there were any potential exceptions 	 Reviewed the most recent grant reports in NEMGrants from the transaction details for each program, K2 select etc.). 	 As part of the risk assessment, several aspects of the gractivities (Refer to Section 19 below for areas selected is subject to testing. 	 Based on the interviews conducted and documents rev such risks. This information was then used to prepare the management operations. 	- Reviewed relevant grant documentation including, but ("NICFS"), policies and procedures/standard operating pertains to the County Program, K2 reviewed the MC amendments.	- Conducted interviews with key personnel to obtain an understanding of NISP's grants, related grar individuals from the Fiscal and Recovery Bureaus, Grants Administration, Business Administration Procurement, Information Technology, and a member of the Office of Attorney Generals (regardin There were ongoing discussions and updates with these individuals throughout the quarterly review.	Finalized a detailed workplan for discussion with NISP.	Commenced planning work on December 16, 2020 by s	K2 performed the following tasks as part of its quarterly monitoring activities:	Response	N/A - The Grant Programs are not FEMA funded.		January 31, 2021 (originally December 30, 2020)	No amounts were provided to other State or Local Entities	Program County Program Radio Program \$1.2M Projects Program Cost Share Share Program NJSP COVID-19 Related Payroll Expenses Total Expended
EM personnel throughout the quarterly review.	Conducted transaction testing through inquiry, observation, re-performance, and review of documentation supporting grant awards, expenditures, procurement, and nancial reporting and assessed whether there were any potential exceptions.	- Reviewed the most recent grant reports in NEMGrants and related transaction details and performed completeness of the details in the system to the reports generated. From the transaction details for each program, KZ selected a risk-based sample of transactions for testing (based on risk factors such as the value, transaction description, exc.).	-As part of the risk assessment, several aspects of the grants management processes received a moderate risk rating and were selected for transaction testing/monitoring activities (Refer to Section 19 below for areas selected for testing). For each of these areas, K2 prepared detailed testing sheets, including the relevant control attributes subject to testing.	- Based on the interviews conducted and documents reviewed, K2 developed a detailed risk and control matrix identifying the key processes, risks, and controls to mitigate such risks. This information was then used to prepare the draft risk matrix deliverable. We also used this information to assess the residual risk associated with NJSP's grant management operations.	- Reviewed relevant grant documentation including, but not limited to, grants reports, disbursement reports, details from the New Jersey Comprehensive Financial System ("NJCFS"), policies and procedures/standard operating procedures, New Jersey State circulars regarding procurement, and the internal organizational risk assessment. As it pertains to the County Program, K2 reviewed the MOU and any applicable armendments.	- Conducted interviews with key personnel to obtain an understanding of NISP's grants, related grants management processes, controls, and risks. Specifically, interviewed individuals from the Fiscal and Recovery Bureaus, Grants Administration, Business Administration, the NISP Accountability Officer and Commanding Officer of NIOEM, Procurement, Information Technology, and a member of the Office of Attorney Generals (regarding audit). K2 also conducted a walkthrough of the NIEMGrants system. There were ongoing discussions and updates with these individuals throughout the quarterly review.		- Commenced planning work on December 16, 2020 by sending an initial information request and then with a kickoff meeting on December 17, 2020.						25	Funds Expended as of 12/29/2020 \$ 15,379,973 \$ 49,229,301 \$ 9,306,710 \$ 55,310,747 \$ 50,516,065 \$ 179,742,796
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	Please see sections 18 and 19 below to review the specific activities completed in conjunction with the testing of the Grant Programs.	
	For the Payroli Program, K2 verified reimbursement amounts received to date in NJCFS.	
	For the Radio, \$12M Projects, and Cost Share Programs, K2's review of expenditures and disbursements included, but was not limited to, procurement packages, purchase orders, vendor invoices, and proof of payment.	
	For the County Program, K2 reviewed documentation supporting the expenditure and disbursement of grant funds in accordance with the MOAs. This included, but was not limited to, payroll reports, purchase orders, vendor invoices, and proof of payment by the Counties.	17. Has payment documentation in connection with the contract/program been reviewed? Please describe
	- Because of the "exigent" situation, Division of Purchase and Property has allowed DPA procurements to take place while allowing the required vendor paperwork to be	
	- Per the NISP, no vendor vetting or background checks are performed by the NISP other than the documents required to be provided by vendors to the Department of Treasury Division of Purchase and Property.	
	- For all DPA Procurements, approval is required from the Office of the State Comptroller for purchases over \$150,000.	
	- For DPA Procurements, the NISP Commodities and Services SOP outlines requirements for procurements in dollar values \$1,000-\$17,500, \$17,500-\$44,000, and greater than \$44,000, however, language is included that in "exigent" situations, a single quote can be permitted. Per NISP, the COVID-19 pandemic has been considered an "exigent" situation.	
	- If the DPA Procurement is over \$250,000 a waiver must be obtained by the Department of Treasury Division of Purchase and Property as defined in the "Requests for Waivers of Advertising" Department of Treasury Circular.	
	- All DPA Procurements require Department of Treasury Division of Purchase and Property "Paperwork" which consists of a checklist titled "Information Sheet and checklist for Waivers and Delegated Purchasing Authority Transactions." This checklist includes documents required to be provided by vendors involved in DPA Procurements.	
	- If a procurement cannot be made through state contract, the use of a Delegated Purchasing Authority ("DPA") may be used as defined in the Commodities and Services. SOP as well as New Jersey Department of Treasury Circular titled "Delegated Purchasing Authority for Goods and Services."	
	- State Comptroller approval is not required for state contract procurements.	
	- Procurements made through state contracts require approval of the NISP Central Purchasing Unit, New Jersey Office of the Attorney General, Office of Information Technology (if IT - related), and Office of Management and Budget.	
	- All NISP procurements are to be made through one of the four main contracting methods as defined in the NISP Purchasing of Commodities and Services Standard Operating Procedures ("SOP") (i.e., through existing state contracts).	9
	For the Radio Program, \$12M Projects, and Cost Share Program, K2 reviewed NJSP/NJOEM's procurement policies. While no program specific policies were developed, NJSP/NJOEM's procurement policies appear to be aligned with Executive Order 166 and related COVID-19 procurement guidelines. The following is a summary of the key aspects of procurement policies related to NJSP/NJOEM for use of CRF funds, which come from a combination of requirements from various state agencies as summarized below:	16. Description of quarterly auditing activities that have been conducted to ensure procurement compliance with terms and conditions of the contracts and agreements.
	Please see sections 18 and 19 below to review the specific activities completed in conjunction with the testing of the Grant Programs.	the project/contract/program.
		provided by recipient and what activities have been taken to review in relation to
		15. Brief description to confirm appropriate
Comments	Response with the state of the	No. Recipient Data Elements

Response Herents Response Records Response Records Response Records Recording to columbation with the death Registrate as well as defailed transaction assisting to identify potential program compliance issues, promitis friend, waste, and abuse, CZ prevent and detect waste, final and and selective and account to the columbation with the default Registrate and August 2002. Record Records Records Records Records and Records and Records and Records												ķ	_
itures paid for COVID Costs Not Covered by FEMA memts and focused on the underlying line items of the counties with the highest drawdowns for costs proach to review 10 transactions. Specifically, the appropriate County.	·										abuse.	Description of quarterly activity to prevent and detect waste, fraud and	Recipient Data Elements
	For the Payroll Program, K2 reviewed the payroll analysis and report provided by NJSP created using data from the Business Objects system and general ledger, reporting all transactions between March 13, 2020 and November 29, 2020. As part of this review, K2 performed the following: compared a sampling of individual salaries and job titles shown in the report to those available through the public domain; reviewed job titles to ensure trainees or civilians were not included; and reviewed for consistency for title and salary ranges. In addition, K2 confirmed that salaries covered by FEMA and other federal sources were deducted.	For the Cost Share Program, K2 noted that NEMGrants only reflected some of the transactions and documentation. NISP/NIOEM confirmed that the system was not up to date and still needed to be reconciled. We requested the internal Business Objects report and after comparing it to NICES without material exception, made a risk-based relation of 8 learns deliber transactions. K2 was able to review programs to advance involves and proof of promoter.	reived and that NISP is awaiting a certificate of origing a certificate of origing a certificate of origing a cademy. This	Documents, Treasury Purchase Orders, and the pre-approval packets for the money that was provided to the Treasury to purchase the Emergency Vehicles for NJSP. We also reviewed NJSP purchase orders and quotes for "up-fittings" that will be performed on the vehicles through state vendor contracts after they are received by the NJSP. Lastly, we reviewed the procurement package that includes the approval paths and requisition documentation from the NJSTART system. We have been informed that the	approval was then obtained from the OAG and Treasury, after the required funds to the Central Motor Pool of the Treasury, who then obtained from the OAG and Treasury, which the NUSP transfered the required funds to the Central Motor Pool of the Treasury, who then outside the cars. KI reviewed screenshots from NUCES confirming the amounts that were raid to the Treasury to make the vehicle purchases. KI also reviewed Transfer	For Emergency Vehicle purchases made, the cost was split into two types of purchases; the bulk of the money was used for the actual purchase of the new emergency vehicles, while the remaining money will be allocated to "uplifting" and "outlitting" the vehicles (i.e., adding lights, cameras etc.). To date, over \$5 million has been expended on the purchase of the new splices to the Department of expended on the purchase of the new splices; the purchase of the new split of the Department of the purchase of t	For the \$12M Projects Program, K1 used a risk-based approach and selected the two largest projects in terms of amount expended to date (Emergency Venicles, NJSP). Training Academy).	For the Radio Program, K2 noted that the entire amount of the allocated funds was used to purchase the radios from one vendor (Motorola) in a single purchase and paid over the course of two payments. K2 reviewed the procurement package, invoices, purchase order, and proof of payment.	associated with the COVID-19 Test Sites (Burlington, Mercer, and Sussex). In total, K2 used a risk-based sampling approach to review 10 transactions. Specifically, the following were tested for both pieces: proper support (purchase orders, invoices, payroll reports, proof of payment), allowability of the cost under the NJ CARES Act, duplication of benefits (that costs were not covered by FEMA or otherwise previously submitted), and disbursement to the appropriate County.	For the County Program, KZ selected a risk-based sample using the three counties with the nighest number of expenditures paid for LOVID Costs Not Covered by FEMA (Cape May, Morris, and Somerset). Within each of these County analyses, KZ selected a risk-based sample of disbursements and focused on the underlying line items of which the disbursements were comprised. In total, KZ reviewed 37 transactions. Additionally, KZ reviewed the three counties with the highest drawdowns for costs		K2 conducted an initial risk assessment as well as detailed transaction testing to identify potential program compliance issues, potential fraud, waste, and abuse. K2's Itesting in conjunction with the Grant Programs are outlined below: Please note that K2's activities are ongoing.	

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Add any item, issue or comment not covered in previous sections but deemed is pertinent to monitoring program	Attach a list of hours (by employee) and expenses incurred to perform your quarterly integrity monitoring review	Recipient Data Elements Miscellaneous	Provide details of any actions taken to remediate waste, fraud and abuse	Provide details on any other items of note that have occurred in the past quarter											Provide details of any integrity issues/findings
Due to the ongoing process of reconciling the NJEMGrants system with the NJEFS system, K2 recommends conducting a separate review when expenditures for all NJSP/NJOEM grants are considered final and the reconciliations have been completed.	Paul Ryan - 17.25 hours; Kevin Mullins - 88.50 hours; Bradley Sussman - 19.75 hours; Robert Thompson - 41.50 hours; Tejah Duckworth - 52.75 hours; Naomi Gonzalez - 61.00 hours; Kyle Paul - 72.75 hours; Caren Irgang - 20.00 hours. Total: - 373.50 hours.	Response Comments	N/A - This is the IOM's first quarterly report	N/A - This is the IOM's first quarterly report	- NISP/NIOEM should ensure that all invoices, purchase orders, timesheets, and proof of payment is included in the County submissions before processing payments. Internally generated accounting papers, and accessablets thould not be accepted as support for part.	- There seems to be a lag in when NJEMGrants gets updated for the state programs. NJSP should determine a set period and require that any activity processed in NJCPS and Business Objects be uploaded to NJEMGrants within that timeframe.	K2 noted the following potential opportunities for program enhancements:	Furthermore, K2 noted differences for the Radio and \$12M Projects Programs when comparing the latest CRF report to NJEMGrants. For the Radio Program, the difference was the same as when comparing to NJEMGrants the information for the second of the two payments was yet to be uploaded to NJEMGrants. For the \$12M Projects Program, it is again due to the lag in transactions being updated in NJEMGrants, but we have been informed that this is a work in progress.	The difference for the Radio program was due to the second of two payments not yet being updated in NENGrants. During its transaction testing, K2 reviewed the supporting documentation for this payment. For the \$12M Projects and Cost Share Programs, we were informed that the differences are due to transactions that have been processed in NICFS and Business Objects, but that have yet to be uploaded to NIEMGrants. It was unclear how long these lags can take. We were informed that reconciling NIEMGrants is a work in progress, and that they continue to work on it. It should also be noted that the bulk of the expenditures for the \$12M program were tested when K2 tested the Emergency Vehicle and Training Academy transactions.	-For the County Program, the difference was due to a transaction that was improperly coded by the County to be reimbursed as part of the portion of the MOA that applies to NJOH. The amount was paid, as reflected in NJCFS. NJSP/NJOEM informed us that NJEMGrants still needed to be updated to reflect this payment. K2 reviewed the invoice, noting that the cost appears to be proper for the County Program.	With respect to financial reporting, K2 identified differences when comparing expenditures amounts reported in NICFS and NIEMGrants for the County, Radio, \$12M Projects, and Cost Share Programs.	No exceptions were identified with respect to the Radio, \$12M Projects, Cost Share, and Payroll Programs.	The following were the responses received in reply to our observations pertaining to missing documentation: -Missing purchase orders from the vendors for which purchase orders are currently still outstanding will be requested. -In the case of the missing invoice, it was located and provided to us. -For proof of payment and payroll support, we were informed that in most of the instances, internally generated accounting/payroll reports were accepted and nothing further was required, in two instances, we were told proof of payment was not received but should have been requested.	With respect to the County Program, K2 noted what appeared to be missing documentation. Specifically, we could not locate certain documents in the supporting documentation in NEMGrants when performing our transaction testing. The documentation that appeared to be missing included 8 instances of proof of payment, 4 purchase orders, 3 instances of corresponding timesheet support for payroll, and 1 missing vendor invoice.	Based on the procedures performed, as outlined in section 18 above, K2 has made the following preliminary observations. Please note that K2's transaction testing is ongoing and additional observations may be identified.

Signature: Date: January 29, 2021	Name of Integrity Monitor:	No. Recipient Data Elements Respons
	Name of Report Preparer: Kevin Mullins	
		Side Comments the Comments of

1. Description: Lack of coordination and an agency wide policy for Duplication of Benefits (DOB)

Criteria: Section 312 of the Stafford Act, DOB, applies across all federal awards and requires federal agencies to establish appropriate agency policies to prevent DOB. The US Department of Treasury Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act requires that the payments from the Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) only be used to cover expenses that:

- a.) Are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID–19);
- b.) Were not accounted for in the budget most recently approved as of March 27, 2020 (the date of enactment of the CARES Act) for the state or local government; and
- c.) Were incurred during the period that begins on March 1, 2020 and ends on December 31, 2021.

Observations: DHS does not appear to have an agency wide policy to screen for possible DOB across its several divisions. While each program established procedures for DOB, there has been no agency wide approach to addressing DOB. As a result, the divisions and programs differ in their review of possible DOB and level of oversight provided, which creates this risk of DOB across programs or agencies going undetected. Three general situations regarding DOB were observed:

- a.) Written DOB Policy and attestation requirement. The Division of Mental Health and Addiction Services (MH) administered the Mental Health Provider Assistance program. MH created a policy guidance document for providers that outlined the division's reimbursement policy. The document clearly states, "Costs must be documented new expenses resulting from COVID-19 and must not have been previously budgeted or paid for using previously budgeted dollars or reimbursement from other state or federal relief programs." Additionally, MH required all providers seeking reimbursement to submit a Provider Agency Attestation stating that the provider was eligible, the requested reimbursement was only for eligible expenses under their program, and that a funding request had not been submitted for reimbursement or received reimbursement by any other state, federal, or local entity.
- b.) Attestation Requirement. Several programs required Provider Agency Attestations that affirmed that the provider was eligible, the requested reimbursement was only for eligible expenses under the program, and the funding request had not been submitted for reimbursement or received reimbursement by any other state, federal, or local entity. However, the divisions did not provide a broader policy framework for confirming the content of these attestations and a plan to act upon failure to uphold the

content of these attestations. These programs include: Division of Developmental Disabilities (DDD) Provider Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Reimbursements, Division of Family Development (DFD) PPE Reimbursements, DFD Child Care Stabilization Grants, DFD Emergency Housing Assistance, and DFD County Administrative Costs.

c.) No written policy or attestation requirement. The Division of Developmental Disabilities (DDD) is administering the Developmental Center/Community Provider Testing program. DDD does not have a written policy concerning DOB for the Developmental Center/Community Provider Testing program.

Several DHS divisions have contracts with the same provider and are implementing similar programs. As a result of the pandemic, these providers were eligible for reimbursement for PPE through their existing DHS contracts. There was no documented procedure for confirming across DHS that DOB did not occur in these instances.

A review of providers eligible for reimbursement across DHS divisions (DFD, DDD, and MH) identified between six and nine examples of providers that were eligible to receive reimbursements for similar expenses from DFD, DDD, and MH. The exact number of providers could not be determined because multiple businesses operated under names that were similar, but not identical.

Recommendation: On March 5, 2021, DHS provided the Provider Reimbursement Data Compare and Duplicate Payment Recoupment Process document, which described measures DHS had taken to review for duplicative funds after disbursement. The document detailed three DOB instances DHS identified and planned to remedy.

While this document detailed a post-disbursement process for review of DOB within DHS a predisbursement process is recommended for future disbursements. As such, DHS should establish agency wide policies and procedures to proactively screen for possible DOB. Creation and implementation of an agency wide DOB policy would set consistent practices across divisions, including the level of oversight provided.

For each program funded through CRF, DHS should outline the program scope and the beneficiaries. Then, DHS may compare the programs to see any internal overlap. This process should be documented in consideration of future monitoring efforts. When there is the potential for overlap, such as in the PPE programs, DHS can prepare a plan of action for intraagency communication, intra-agency file sharing, and recoupment.

2. Description: Lack of external coordination with other state agencies to plan for and identify DOB

Criteria: Section 312 of the Stafford Act, DOB, applies across all federal awards and requires federal agencies to establish appropriate agency policies to prevent DOB. The US Department of Treasury CARES Act requires that the payments from the CRF only be used to cover expenses that:

- a.) Are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19;
- b.) Were not accounted for in the budget most recently approved as of March 27, 2020 (the date of enactment of the CARES Act) for the state or local government; and
- c.) Were incurred during the period that begins on March 1, 2020 and ends on December 31, 2021.

Observations: The State of New Jersey received \$2.4 billion through the CARES Act to respond to the public health crisis created by COVID-19, which impacted nearly all aspects of state government. Certain state agencies that received CARES Act funds administer programs that have the potential to overlap with DHS administered programs and could result in possible DOB. At the outset of this engagement, DHS identified CRF funded programs administered by the Department of Children and Families (DCF), the Department of Health (DOH), and the Department of Community Affairs (DCA) for review due to potential overlap with DHS administered programs.

The details of DOB processes were not readily available from the three agencies concerning their CRF funded programs, but some information was collected to identify potential DOB areas.

- a.) Providers with contracts at DHS and the other agencies that are eligible for PPE reimbursement was identified as an area of potential overlap. DHS, DCF, and DOH all offered PPE reimbursement to their providers. Insufficient information was provided to determine if DCA offered PPE reimbursement. Of the three agencies, only DCF provided its list of providers that were eligible for PPE reimbursement. The DCF providers list was compared to the DHS providers list, and eight providers were noted on both lists. Reimbursement request information was not reviewed in detail to determine if DOB occurred, but this overlap is noted as a potential area for DOB.
- b.) Another area of possible overlap is COVID-19 testing. DOH funded expanded testing and allocated funds to provide additional testing capacity "to vulnerable populations, including but not limited to congregate settings, communities with inadequate access to testing and populations which require specialized approaches due to their daily

interaction with the public." (Reference Document: Memorandum of Understanding between the Treasurer of the State of New Jersey and the New Jersey Department of Health for Expansion of COVID-19 Testing; executed October 30, 2020). Separately, DDD funded testing programs for developmental centers community providers. While there is not any evidence of an overlap between these programs, a formalized process to determine whether any DOB exists between these programs has not been developed as of the issuance of this report.

Recommendation: On March 5, 2021, DHS provided the Provider Reimbursement Data Compare and Duplicate Payment Recoupment Process document, which described measures DHS had taken to review for duplicative funds after disbursement. The document detailed three DOB instances DHS identified and planned to remedy.

DHS should also document the state programs that have similar scopes and formalize a process for confirming that DOB did not occur within the State.

After evaluating its internal programs as recommended in finding 1, DHS may consider reengaging with external offices, such as DCF and DOH. One option is to provide the external offices with the framework of DHS programs and beneficiaries and request the external offices to flag any similarities in their respective programs. Alternatively, DHS could review the external programs for similarities and contact these offices on a case-by-case basis. This process can be collaborative as the other offices are managing the same requirements for their programs.

3. Description: Divisions relied primarily on self-attestation for DOB

Criteria: Section 312 of the Stafford Act, DOB, applies across all federal awards and requires federal agencies to establish appropriate agency policies to prevent DOB. The US Department of Treasury CARES Act requires that the payments from the CRF only be used to cover expenses that:

- a.) Are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19;
- b.) Were not accounted for in the budget most recently approved as of March 27, 2020 (the date of enactment of the CARES Act) for the state or local government; and
- c.) Were incurred during the period that begins on March 1, 2020 and ends on December 31, 2021.

Observations: Multiple programs across DHS divisions - including DDD, MH, and DFD - rely on self-attestations as the only DOB control. The self-attestations provide clear and concise

descriptions of what each agency funded and clearly defined that the providers would be held accountable to repay funds for duplicative assistance by the State.

The programs relied on the self-attestations to determine if DOB occurred. Providers had to attest that they would not make any duplicative requests to other state, federal, or local entities, including to FEMA, FCC, and US Health and Human Services. The self-attestations further stated that the State can recoup funds and offset future payments, reimbursements, and any other amounts payable to a provider by the State if the provider fails to comply with the agreement.

Based on the documents provided and the meetings with the agencies, there does not appear to be sample testing of the provider self-attestations by any of the divisions. The divisions indicated that they plan additional reviews after disbursement of funds.

Recommendation: On March 5, 2021, DHS provided the Provider Reimbursement Data Compare and Duplicate Payment Recoupment Process document, which described measures DHS had taken to review for duplicative funds after disbursement. The document detailed three DOB instances DHS identified and planned to remedy.

DHS should also implement pre-disbursement DOB controls and testing of DOB in addition to the self-attestation. For programs with similar scopes, such as provider PPE reimbursement, one possible control would be the addition of a review step prior to payment, confirming that other DHS divisions have not received the same reimbursement request.

Within DHS, this review step could take different forms. One option would be to centralize the files that pertain to providers that are known to have contracts across divisions. The reviewer within DDD, for example, would be able to see the disbursement files for providers reimbursed by DFD and MH. This would enable the reviewer at DDD to evaluate any duplication to date. Another option is to identify the providers with multiple contracts and require that the staff in each division contact the other divisions on a case-by-basis.

1.) Description: Expenses reimbursed outside eligible timeframe

Criteria: The US Department of Treasury CARES Act guidance stipulates that payments from the fund may only be used to cover costs that were incurred during the time period March 1st, 2020 through December 31st, 2021. Divisions within DHS elected to establish their own eligibility timeframes, which occurred within the US Treasury's timeframe. DDD and DMAHS established the eligibility timeframe of March 9th, 2020 through November 13th, 2020 for reimbursable COVID-related costs. DFD established the eligibility timeframe of September 1st, 2020 through December 4th, 2020 for reimbursable COVID-related costs.

Observations:

Several sampled transactions were incurred outside the eligible timeframe defined in US Treasury guidance, beginning March 1st, 2020.

- a.) A \$13,000 purchase of PPE with an invoice date of February 24th, 2020 was reimbursed by DMAHS to a provider for the Provider PPE program.
- b.) A \$52.20 purchase of PPE with an invoice date of February 6th, 2020 was reimbursed by DDD to a provider for the Provider PPE program.

In addition, several sampled transactions were incurred outside the eligible timeframe defined in DHS guidance.

- a.) Two purchases of PPE in the amounts of \$667.31 and \$652.91 with invoice dates of March 8th, 2020 were reimbursed by DDD to a provider for the Provider PPE program. These expenditures did not follow the timeframe outlined in DDD guidance, beginning March 9th, 2020.
- b.) A \$3,782.03 cellphone bill with an invoice date of June 23rd, 2020 was reimbursed by DFD to a provider for the County Administrative Costs program. This expenditure did not fall in the timeframe outlined in DFD guidance, beginning September 1st, 2020.

Recommendation: DHS should perform a thorough review of the invoice dates for each expenditure to confirm adherence to the US Treasury and Division guidance. If expenditures outside the timeframe established in DHS's guidance were eligible for reimbursement based on US Treasury guidance, the guidance provided by DHS divisions should be modified to reflect the full reimbursable time period, else expenditures outside the period noted in division guidance should be disallowed. Policies and procedures guiding this process should be updated to include these review steps.

2.) Description: Missing documentation to support eligible expenses

Criteria: DHS guidance required documentation of expenditures to be submitted in the form of payment vouchers, receipts, invoices, payroll records, attestations, voucher worksheets, or similar records demonstrating payment was made.

Observations:

Several sampled transactions were missing supporting documentation detailing what was purchased and how much was spent.

- a.) A provider was reimbursed \$45,030.15 by DMAHS for PPE, Infection, and Technology expenditures for the Provider PPE program. DMAHS did not provide any invoices or receipts to substantiate these expenditures.
- b.) Two purchases in the amounts of \$7,745.57 and \$3,941.59 were reimbursed to a provider by DFD for the Shelter PPE program. DFD did not provide an invoice or required documentation to support expenses. Subsequent to KPMG communicating this finding to DFD, detailed invoices were supplied by the provider.
- c.) A purchase in the amount of \$1,475.00 was reimbursed to a provider by DFD for the Shelter PPE program. DFD did not provide an invoice from the vendor, which is required documentation to support expenses.
- d.) Two purchases in the amounts of \$1,500.39 and \$199.00 were reimbursed to a provider by DFD for the Shelter PPE program. DFD did not provide an invoice detailing what was purchased. "Hand Sanitizer" was handwritten on the invoice; however, the vendor's invoice itself did not provide any description of the underlying items purchased.
- e.) A sampled transaction for Emergency Pay did not include evidence of February prepandemic wages, descriptions of the direct care service category necessary to confirm eligibility of in-person frontline workforce, a description of costs requested for reimbursement, and days worked for the period of the request. As part of the Provider Assistance program, a provider received \$9,702.43 of Emergency Pay reimbursement by MH for employees with a job title of "Other," without explicit pre-approval. DHS guidance states that for "Other" employees not part of the frontline workforce, their role must be specified and have prior approval for reimbursement consideration. Additionally, no evidence of February pre-pandemic wages was included in the fulfilled reimbursement request, as required per DHS guidance. Subsequent to KPMG communicating this finding to MH, documentation was obtained from the provider confirming employee eligibility. However, this documentation was not supplied until after the provider was reimbursed, and pre-approval was not granted for these employees.

Recommendation: DHS programs should perform a thorough review of the supporting documentation for each expenditure to confirm the requirements stated in their guidance were met which should include the following steps:

- a.) Division programs should provide clear expense guidance to providers.
- b.) Division programs should conduct a review of the documentation submitted by providers for each expense.
- c.) Division programs should analyze the allowability of the expenses and efficacy of support provided.
- d.) Division programs should improve retention policies and contact providers before approving reimbursement if insufficient documentation is provided.

3.) Description: Duplicate expenditures reimbursed to providers

Criteria: The US Department of Treasury CARES Act and DHS guidance both stipulate that payments from the fund may only be used to cover necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to COVID–19.

Observations: Several sampled transactions included duplicate expenditures in which the provider was reimbursed more than once for the same individual expense.

- a.) As part of the Developmental Center/Community Provider Testing program, four duplicate COVID-19 tests at \$65.00 each were reimbursed by DDD to a provider despite being the same COVID-19 test conducted on the same patient on the same day.
- b.) As part of the Shelter PPE program, six duplicate PPE expenditures were reimbursed to a provider by DFD totaling \$3,606.67. Subsequent to KPMG communicating this finding to DFD, the overpayment was reimbursed by the provider.

Recommendation: DHS should perform a thorough review of each expenditure to confirm no duplicate transactions were requested for reimbursement. If multiple expenditures with the same invoice number are submitted by providers, DHS should clarify how the expenses differ. Below are some red flags to be aware of regarding potential duplicate invoices:

- a.) Multiple payments in the same time period:
 - i. In the same or similar amount to the same or related vendors
 - ii. On the same invoice or purchase order
 - iii. For the same or similar goods or service
- b.) Multiple invoices with the same:
 - i. Description of goods or services
 - ii. Amount
 - iii. Invoice number
 - iv. Purchase order number
 - v. Date
- c.) Total amount paid to vendor exceeds invoiced amounts

4.) Description: Eligibility reimbursement error

Criteria: The US Department of Treasury CARES Act and DHS guidance both stipulate that payments from the fund may only be used to cover necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to COVID-19.

Observations: A sampled provider received more reimbursement funds than it qualified for due to an apparent clerical error. As part of the Shelter PPE program, a provider received reimbursement from DFD for disinfectant services in the amount of \$45,550.00, instead of the amount listed on its invoice of \$4,550.00, overstating the eligibility by \$41,000.00. DFD independently identified and cleared this error on January 22, 2021, two days after KPMG identified this provider as a sample and requested supporting documentation. It is unclear whether this error was identified by DFD prior to KPMG providing a list of samples for testing.

Recommendation: DHS should perform a thorough review of the invoices to confirm the amounts requested match the supporting documentation. DHS should match the reimbursement amount requested to the supporting invoice provided. If there is a discrepancy, DHS should contact the provider for further documentation or explanation before issuing reimbursement.

5.) Description: Expenditures do not appear to align with DHS guidance categories

Criteria: DDD, DFD, and DMAHS guidance lists three categories of reimbursable expenses for CRF: Overtime payments, Health and Safety expenses including PPE and Cleaning & Infection Control, and HIPAA-compliant technology to support remote working needs. MH guidance lists five categories of reimbursable expenses for CRF: Emergency rate staff payments, COVID testing, HIPAA-compliant technology, PPE, and Other pre-approved requests.

Observations: Several sampled providers received reimbursement for expenditures that do not appear to fall within the category types included in the division's guidance. Although these expenditures do not contradict US Treasury requirements, they do not clearly fall within the categories defined by the divisions.

- a.) As part of the County Administrative Costs program, a provider was reimbursed by DFD for batteries, ties, markers, fasteners, napkin receptacles, and a tool kit.
- b.) As part of the County Administrative Costs program, a provider was reimbursed by DFD for \$10.000.00 in prepaid postage expenses.
- c.) As part of the Shelter PPE program, a provider was reimbursed by DFD for sparkling water. Subsequent to KPMG communicating this finding to DFD, communication was

- received from the provider explaining the reasoning for the purchase, however; this expenditure did not appear related to COVID-19 response efforts as it did not fall within DFD's eligibility criteria.
- d.) As part of the County Administrative Costs program, a provider was reimbursed by DFD for expenses related to new in-office cubicles with high-walls to promote social distancing. DFD guidance required technology purchases be used to support remote working needs.
- e.) As part of the Provider PPE program, a provider was reimbursed by DDD for a table, tool kit, colored pencils, pillows, coloring books, canopy tents, and duvet covers.
- f.) As part of the Provider PPE program, a provider received reimbursement from DMAHS for expenses related to establishing a separate company to provide vocational training services.
- g.) As part of the MH Provider Assistance program, a provider was reimbursed for overtime staff expenses. MH guidance does not list overtime staff expenses as reimbursable, but MH did supply a PowerPoint presentation reviewed with providers on October 1, 2020 stating additional hours were eligible for reimbursement.

Recommendation: DHS should perform a thorough review of its guidance documents to confirm all intended categories for reimbursement under US Treasury guidance are included. Division programs should obtain supporting documentation and expense explanations to better enable the alignment of expense categories to eligible reimbursement requests submitted. If expenditures outside the criteria established in DHS guidance were eligible for reimbursement based on the US Treasury requirements, the guidance provided by DHS divisions should be modified to reflect the additional categories. However, if certain expenses do not fall in the listed categories, reimbursement should not be granted.

6.) Description: Limited oversight practices of divisions

Criteria: The federal government requires monitoring and oversight of the receipt, disbursement, and use of CRF payments.

Observations: At the time of this report being issued, division programs were identified that had not conducted a thorough review of the provider applications prior to releasing funds.

- a.) DMAHS did not conduct a review of provider applications to confirm the eligibility requirements listed in its guidance were followed.
- b.) Although DFD conducted certain oversight activities on the CCR&R and TCC managed programs, including the review of weekly status reports detailing progress and total payments issued, sample testing was not conducted at an application level to review compliance with the applicable regulations and guidelines for the following programs: subsidy tuition assistance, stabilization grants, supplemental payments, and enrollment-

- based payments programs. DFD has established an Evaluation Unit and is currently in the process of initiating their application-level review at the time of this report being issued.
- c.) DFD conducted sample testing on housing assistance applications and identified several instances of providers who received reimbursement despite being ineligible. Of the errors identified, recovery of funds was not pursued. Furthermore, after identifying several reimbursements sent out in error, additional testing was not conducted to expand the review population.

Recommendation: DHS Central Office has prepared an internal audit plan and will be conducting sample testing on all programs funded by CRF. If sample failures are noted, additional guidance should be provided to third parties to improve their processes, additional samples should be selected to further test review quality, and recovery of funds should be pursued.

New Jersey Department of Human Services
Recommendations for SOW Requirement #3: Review of eligibility determination and assessment of controls to guard against waste, fraud and abuse
Integrity Monitor Engagement Query-Corona Relief Fund
March 31, 2021

1.) Description: Supporting documentation requirements do not meet US Treasury Guidance

Criteria: The US Treasury Memorandum for Coronavirus Relief Fund Recipients states, "Payroll, time records, and human resource records to support costs incurred for payroll expenses related to addressing the public health emergency due to COVID-19" should be maintained and made available to the Treasury OIG upon request to be considered sufficient documentation to establish compliance with subsection 601(d) of the Social Security Act, as amended, (42 U.S.C. 801 (d)).

Observations: The County Administrative Costs program guidance lists "payroll records that demonstrate payment was made" as the only documentation requirement to confirm reimbursement eligibility. Time records and human resource records were not defined by the County Administrative Costs program as required documentation to support eligible expenses, as per US Treasury requirements. Two sampled transactions were reimbursed without accompanying payroll time records and/or human resource records:

- a.) As part of the County Administrative Costs program, a provider was reimbursed \$144,894.95 in overtime pay by DFD without providing sufficient evidence of overtime hours or overtime rates. Subsequent to KPMG communicating this finding to DFD, payroll records were supplied by the provider detailing overtime hours and overtime rates.
- b.) As part of the County Administrative Costs program, a provider was reimbursed \$16,455.88 in overtime pay by DFD without providing human resource records to confirm the employee's role in managing increased application and enrollment for public assistance programs. Instead, DFD relied on an attestation that all work was related to COVID.

Recommendation: The County Administrative Costs program should perform a program-wide review of supporting documentation requirements to confirm sufficient backup is being requested and provided to substantiate eligibility based on the US Department of Treasury CARES Act guidance. In addition, DFD should update their guidance to require the appropriate level of payroll and human resources information regarding overtime costs.

2.) Description: Lack of review for fraud, waste, and abuse within divisions

Criteria: The federal government requires monitoring and oversight of the receipt, disbursement, and use of CRF payments to assist in the prevention of fraud, waste, and abuse with respect to those funds.

New Jersey Department of Human Services
Recommendations for SOW Requirement #3: Review of eligibility determination and assessment of controls to guard against waste, fraud and abuse
Integrity Monitor Engagement Query-Corona Relief Fund
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Observation: The division programs set strict rules on who had the authority to make reimbursement decisions—and how—which is a way to reduce fraud risk. However, it did not appear that the divisions were measuring the efficacy of allocations and monitoring for uncompetitive pricing or fraud, waste, and abuse.

Within the five programs listed below, the providers independently purchased goods and submitted invoices for eligible expenditures related to COVID-19 response and recovery. It did not appear that a review was conducted to determine the reasonableness of the pricing and quantity for the respective goods purchased. This review was not a criterion for DHS to approve the expenses submitted for reimbursement prior to disbursing funds.

- a.) DDD Provider PPE
- b.) DMAHS Provider PPE
- c.) DFD Shelter PPE
- d.) DFD County Administrative Costs
- e.) MH Provider Assistance

Recommendation: As part of DHS's upcoming internal audit, samples of disbursements will be selected to assess program efficacy in monitoring instances of fraud, waste, and abuse, processes for prevention and detection, and testing steps. Results will be documented as part of ongoing integrity oversight and monitoring efforts divisions will be expected to institute processes as part of their ongoing integrity oversight and monitoring efforts for identifying and remediating instances of fraud, waste, and abuse. The review process should in turn include a reporting of any such instances and corrective actions.

Reviewers should be made aware of the following red flags:

Red flags of false invoices:

- a.) Vague or incomplete information on invoices (blank fields; no date, no detail in item description, etc.)
- b.) No receiving report for invoiced goods or services
- c.) Invoiced items do not match receiving report
- d.) No purchase order for invoiced goods or services
- e.) Sequential invoice numbers over extended time period
- f.) Invoiced goods or services cannot be located in inventory or accounted for
- g.) Quantities, pricing amounts or other numbers on invoices do not match <u>Benford's</u>
 Law distributions

Red flags of inflated invoices:

- a.) Invoice prices, amounts, item descriptions or terms exceed or do not match:
 - 1. Contract or purchase order terms
 - 2. Receiving records

New Jersey Department of Human Services
Recommendations for SOW Requirement #3: Review of eligibility determination and assessment of
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- 3. Inventory or usage records
- b.) Discrepancies between invoice amounts and supporting documents
- c.) Spike in invoice amounts (price and quantity) vs. previous amounts
- d.) Total invoice amounts exceed purchase order amounts
- e.) Invoice amounts are statistical outliers vs. previous

Red flags of duplicate invoices:

- a.) Multiple payments in the same time period:
 - 1. In the same or similar amount to the same or related vendors
 - 2. On the same invoice or purchase order
 - 3. For the same or similar goods or service
- b.) Multiple invoices with the same:
 - 4. Description of goods or services
 - 5. Amount
 - 6. Invoice number
 - 7. Purchase order number
 - 8. Date
- c.) Total amount paid to vendor exceeds invoiced amounts.

Basic Steps DHS can take to detect, prevent and respond to false, inflated or duplicate invoices include:

Obtain the following documents and examine them for the red flags listed above:

- a.) Contracts and purchase orders
- b.) Invoices and supporting documents
- c.) Work completion reports
- d.) Receiving records
- e.) Payment records
- f.) Inventory and usage records
- g.) Test and inspection reports

Perform due diligence background checks on the provider and third party supplier to, among other things, (1) confirm that it is legitimate and capable of providing the invoiced services, goods or works and (2) to determine if it previously has been investigated or sanctioned for fraud or for submitting fraudulent invoices.

Independently verify the correctness of the submitted invoices, e.g.,

- a.) Confirm that invoiced services were delivered as claimed; e.g., inspect written work product to confirm that it is not copied, clipped from the internet or boilerplate
- b.) Inspect and confirm that the quantity and quality of invoiced goods were delivered as claimed; contact the contractor's suppliers to confirm this if necessary

New Jersey Department of Human Services
Recommendations for SOW Requirement #3: Review of eligibility determination and assessment of controls to guard against waste, fraud and abuse
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c.) Inspect and test works and materials to confirm that they met the specifications as invoiced

Note duplicate invoices and payments for the same or similar:

- a.) Invoice number
- b.) Invoice amount
- c.) Invoice date
- d.) Invoice item description
- e.) Purchase order number

Check quantities, pricing amounts or other numbers on invoices to see if they match Benford's Law distributions.

Compare total invoiced amounts from provider to the total purchase order or contract amounts; note overpayments. Look for evidence of fraudulent knowledge and intent, (e.g., plagiarized copied written work product, altered delivered or test or inspection reports, etc.).